



Radio



Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

This Workbook can help you organize your thoughts as you prepare to meet with your merit badge counselor.

You still must satisfy your counselor that you can demonstrate each skill and have learned the information.

You should use the work space provided for each requirement to keep track of which requirements have been completed, and to make notes for discussing the item with your counselor, not for providing full and complete answers.

If a requirement says that you must take an action using words such as "discuss", "show", "tell", "explain", "demonstrate", "identify", etc, that is what you must do.

Merit Badge Counselors may not require the use of this or any similar workbooks.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found in Boy Scout Requirements (Pub. 33216 – SKU 637685).

The requirements were last issued or revised in 2018 • This workbook was updated in January 2018.

Scout's Name: _____

Unit: _____

Counselor's Name: _____

Counselor's Phone No.: _____

<http://www.USScouts.Org>

• <httpwww.MeritBadge.Org>

Please submit errors, omissions, comments or suggestions about this **workbook** to: Workbooks@USScouts.Org

Comments or suggestions for changes to the **requirements** for the **merit badge** should be sent to: Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org

1. Explain what radio is.

Then discuss the following:

a. The differences between broadcast radio and hobby radio.

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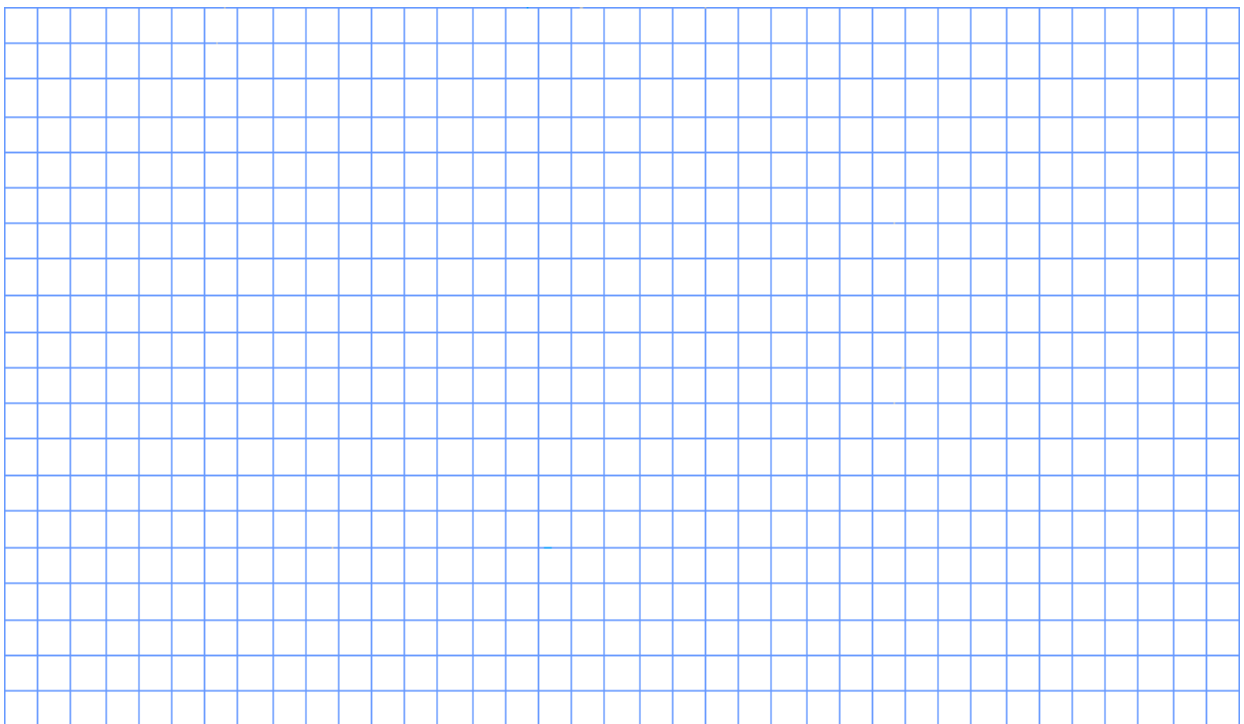
- b. The differences between broadcasting and two-way communications.

- c. Radio call signs and how they are used in broadcast radio and amateur radio.

- d. The phonetic alphabet and how it is used to communicate clearly.

2. Do the following:

- a. Sketch a diagram showing how radio waves travel locally and around the world.



- b. Explain how the broadcast radio stations, WWV and WWVH can be used to help determine what you will hear when you listen to a shortwave radio?

- c. Explain the difference between a distant (DX) and a local station.

DX

Local

- d. Discuss what the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) does and how it is different from the International Telecommunication Union.

FCC:

International
Telecommunication
Union:

Antenna:

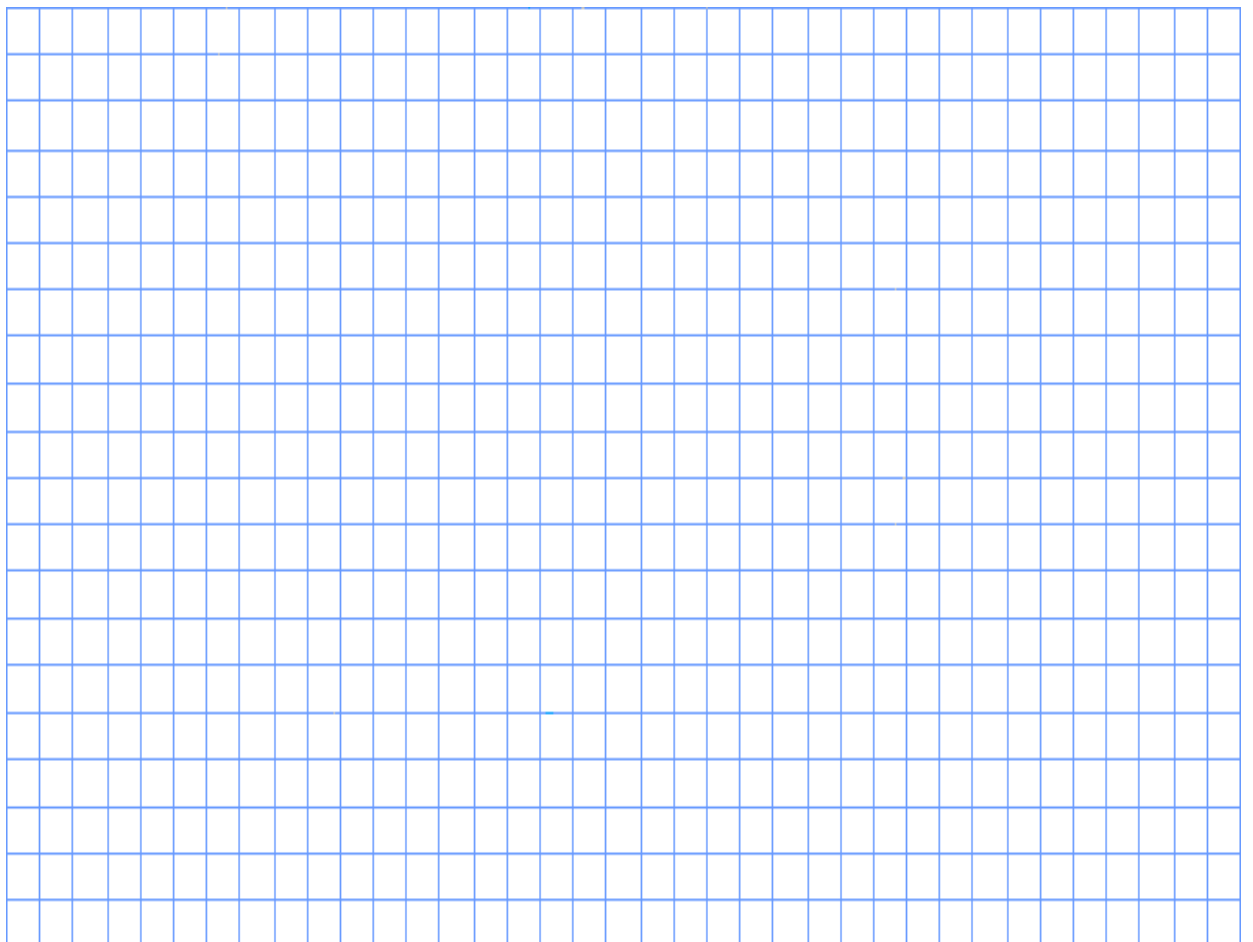
5. Do the following:

a. Explain the differences between a block diagram and a schematic diagram.

Block diagram:

Schematic diagram:

b. Draw a block diagram for a radio station that includes a transceiver, amplifier, microphone, antenna, and feed line.



- c. Discuss how information is sent when using amplitude modulation (AM), frequency modulation (FM), continuous wave (CW) Morse Code transmission, single sideband (SSB) transmission, and digital transmission.

Amplitude modulation (AM):

Frequency modulation (FM),

Continuous wave (CW) Morse Code transmission

Single sideband (SSB) transmission

Digital transmission.

- d. Explain how NOAA Weather Radio (NWR) can alert you to danger.

- d. Explain how cellular telephones work. Identify their benefits and limitations in an emergency.

- 6. Explain the safety precautions for working with radio gear, including the concept of grounding for direct current circuits, power outlets, and antenna systems.

General safety precautions:

Grounding for direct current circuits:

Grounding for Power outlets:

Grounding for antenna systems:

- 7. Visit a radio installation (an amateur radio station, broadcast station, or public communications center, for example) approved in advance by your counselor.

Discuss what types of equipment you saw in use, how it was used, what types of licenses are required to operate and maintain the equipment, and the purpose of the station.

Equipment:

Licenses:

Purpose:

- 8. Find out about three career opportunities in radio.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Pick one and find out the education, training, and experience required for this profession.

Career:

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Education:

Training:

2. Explain differences between the Technician, General, and Extra Class license requirements and privileges..

Technician:

General:

Extra Class:

Explain who administers amateur radio exams.

3. Explain at least five Q signals or amateur radio terms.

Q signal or Term	Explanation

4. Explain how you would make an emergency call on voice or Morse code.

5. Explain the differences between handheld transceivers and home "base" transceivers.

Handheld	
Base	

Explain the uses of mobile amateur radio transceivers and amateur radio repeaters.

Transceivers:	
Repeaters:	

9.		
10.		
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		

Determine the program format and target audience for five of these stations.

	Call Sign	Program Format	Target Audience
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

4. Explain to your counselor at least eight terms used in commercial broadcasting, such as segue, cut, fade, continuity, remote, Emergency Alert System, network, cue, dead air, PSA, and play list.

<input type="checkbox"/> Segue:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Cut:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Fade:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Continuity:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Alert System:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Network:	

2. Listen to several medium-wave stations for two one-hour periods, one period during daylight hours and one period at night. Log the stations properly and locate them on a map, globe, or web-based mapping service.

3. Compare your daytime and nighttime shortwave logs; note the frequencies on which your selected stations were loudest during each session.

Explain the differences in the signal strength from one period to the next.

4. Compare your medium-wave broadcast station logs and explain why some distant stations are heard at your location only during the night.

- 5. Demonstrate listening to a radio broadcast using a smartphone/cell phone. Include international broadcasts in your demonstration.

d. **Amateur Radio Direction Finding**

- 1. Describe amateur radio direction finding and explain why direction finding is important as both an activity and in competition.

- 2. Describe what frequencies and equipment are used for ARDF or fox hunting..

- 3. Build a simple directional antenna for either of the two frequencies used in ARDF.
- 4. Participate in a simple fox hunt using your antenna along with a provided receiver.
- 5. Show on a map how you located the "fox" using your receiver.

When working on merit badges, Scouts and Scouters should be aware of some vital information in the current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* (BSA publication 33088). Important excerpts from that publication can be downloaded from <http://usscouts.org/advance/docs/GTA-Excerpts-meritbadges.pdf>.
You can download a complete copy of the *Guide to Advancement* from <http://www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/33088.pdf>.

